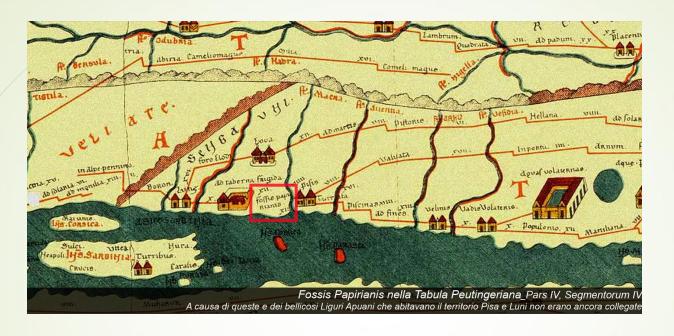


CITY and WATER

Pietrasanta

26 agosto 2017

La VERSILIA - TUSCANY



The origin of the name "Versilia" dates back to the idiom Ves (s) idia (the ancient Germanic Wesser / Wasser = water), from which in the Middle Ages came the "Versilia" form by consonant dissimilation. The name of the region was mainly given by the Ruosina canal that historically corresponded to the fluvius Vesidia of the "Tabula Peutingeriana", which near Seravezza, joins with the Riomagno, coming from the southern slope of Monte Altissimo, the current Versilia river.

La VERSILIA - Mountains, sea, lake and cities



From a naturalistic point of view, the area is characterized for its diversified natural landscape comprising the majestic mountains of the Apuan Alps.



Lake Massaciuccoli and the marshland areas are the most lovely and delightful areas of the Regional Park. Our lake is a venue of great historical and environmental importance, celebrated also by the famous composer Giacomo Puccini, but above all there is a local community that has built a civilization and a system of activities of old tradition that need to be studied and recovered, such as the construction of little woodboat called barchini, used from hunters and fishermens, cultivation of red rice and so on.

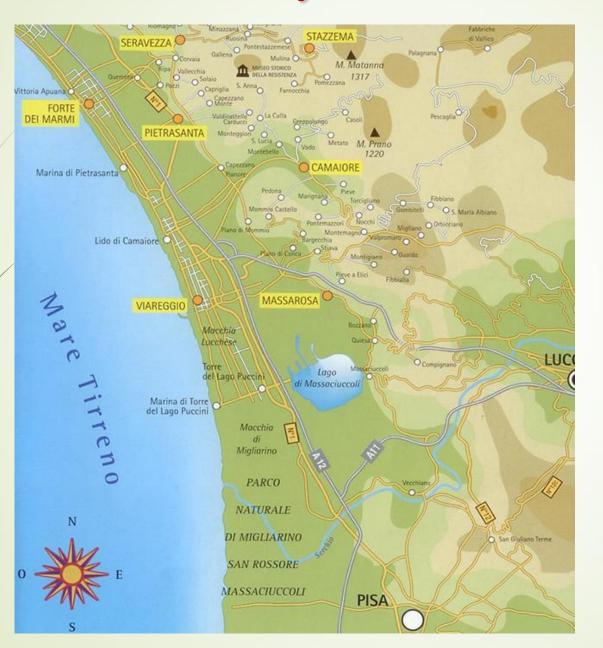
The Versilia territory covers an area of about 160 square kilometres on the North-Western Tuscan coast. From an administrative point of view, it is a part of the Province of Lucca, including the municipalities of Camaiore, Forte dei Marmi, Massarosa, Pietrasanta, Seravezza, Stazzema and Viareggio. The area has always hd a natural tourist vocation as balneotherapy treatments started here during the second half of the 19th cent. with the building of the first bathing establishments.



THE SEA THE VEGETATION THE HISTORICAL BUILDING

An encompassing glance from the sea to the beaches, from the pinewood to the lake, from the hills to the mountains that define and protect this land

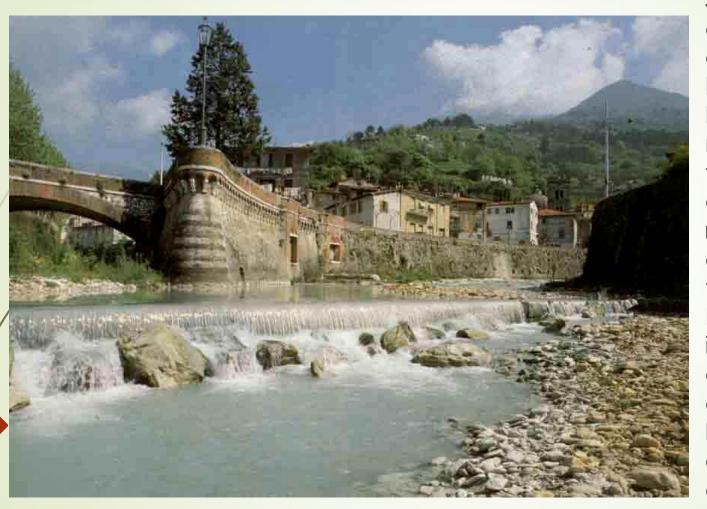
La VERSILIA - Territory



Municipalities of the Versilia

- Seravezza
- Stazzema
- -Forte dei Marmi
- -Pietrasanta
- -Camaiore
- -Viareggio
- Massarosa

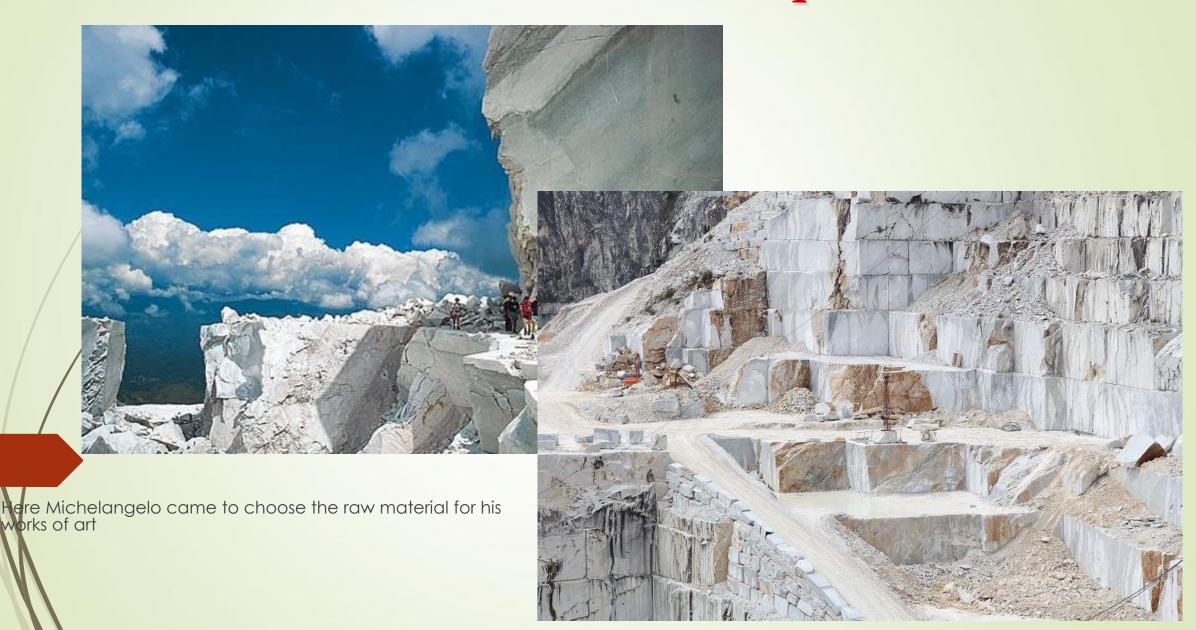
La VERSILIA - Seravezza



SERRA E VEZZA

The confluence of two small rivers Serra and Vezza joining together, create the Versilia river. Over the centuries, the Versilia River has been a privileged settlement site because it provided access to the marble quarries, provided water for drinking and water to irrigate and cut stone, while today the river is less visible and less lived, often hidden from the banks, traffic and industrial areas. Nevertheless its water is clear and it is a delight to look at, the natural environment that runs along its course is of great value and the history of the valley that holds it is extraordinary, also because these the places where Michelangelo came to choose raw material (marbles) for his works of art.

La VERSILIA - The famous marble quarries



La VERSILIA - Seravezza



Historical building-Gambrinus it was a cinema and theatre, nowadays seat of the local tourist office.

La VERSILIA - Seravezza



PALAZZO MEDICEO Patrimonio UNESCO

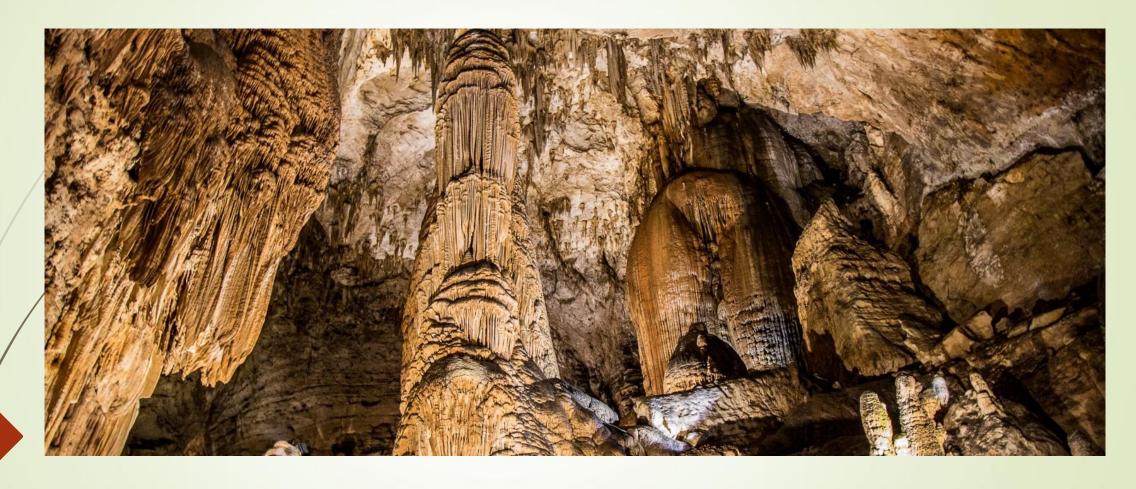
Of considerable interest is the 16th cent. Medici Palace wih its impressive portal built in 1555 by Bartolomeo Ammannati for Cosimo I of the Medici family. The Villa Medicea of Seravezza, is an architectural complex consisting of the Palace, the Stables, the Chapel and the garden.

La VERSILIA - Stazzema



Example of anthropic settlement on the Apuan Alps.

La VERSILIA - Stazzema



Antro del Corchia – a huge Karstic cavern recently opened to the public.

La VERSILIA - Stazzema

The village of Sant'Anna, where one of the most horrendous massacres by the Nazis took place in 1944. Here a monument to Peace has been erected as a symbol for mankind.





The Leopold Fort, 1782, also called "fortino", is a military building in the centre of the little town. It looks like a quadrangular plan complex, made up of two factory building lying between them.

La VERSILIA - Forte dei MArmi



The most famous touristic centre of our Versilia

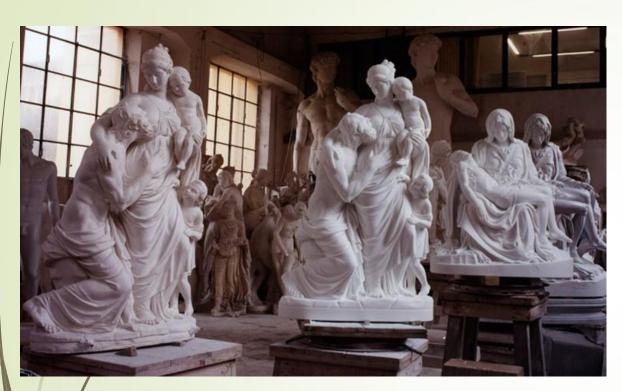
La VERSILIA - Pietrasanta

Pietrasanta: is a town of great artistic and cultural importance situated at the foot of the ancient Lombardic Fortess.

The magificient Piazza del Duomo full of marble workshops and sculpture studios.



La VERSILIA - Pietrasanta



Sculpture studios. Thanks to these cultural tradition is now called Little Athens









The town also host the Museum of Models where sketches and models of famous Italian and foreign artists are displayed.

La VERSILIA - Camaiore



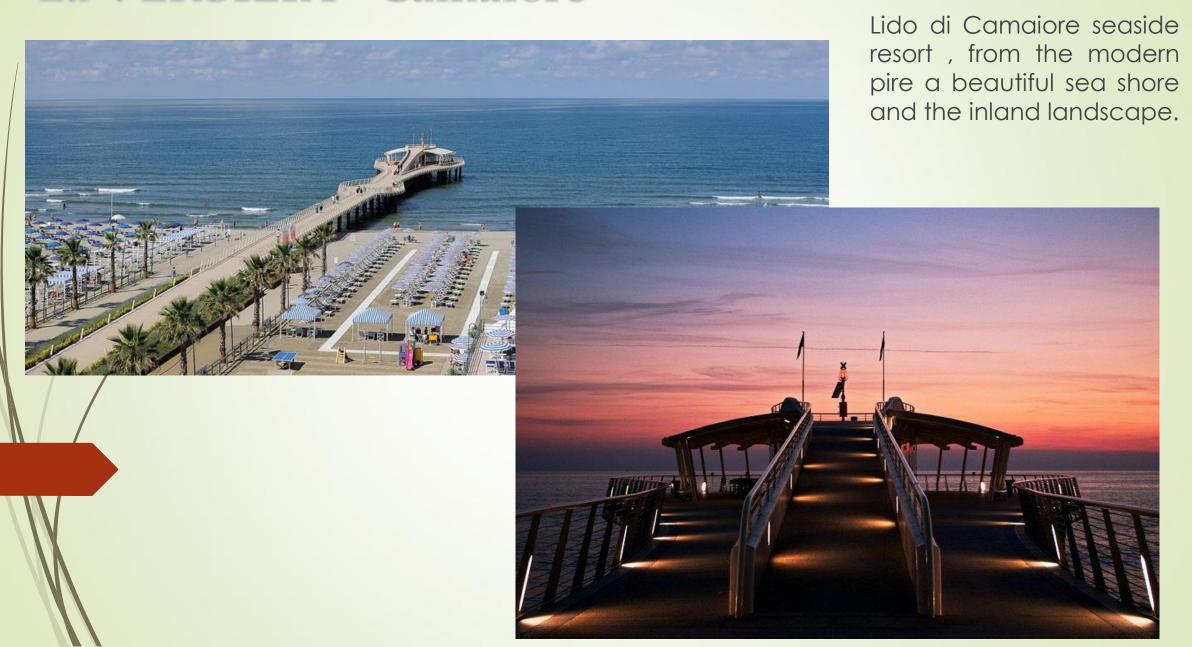
City of Traditions

The village is located at teh botton of a valley surronded by hills. The famous via Francigena pass through Camaiore.



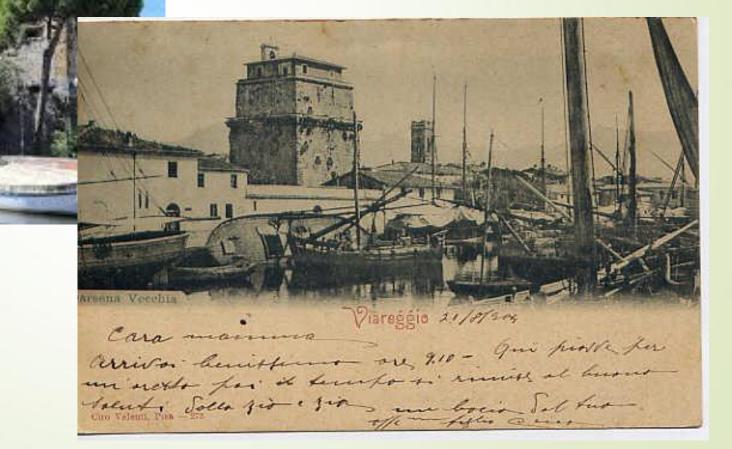
City of Traditions Corpus Christi Feast – June –the main street of the historic centre is covered with the traditional coloured sawdust carpets.

La VERSILIA - Camaiore





...City and sea





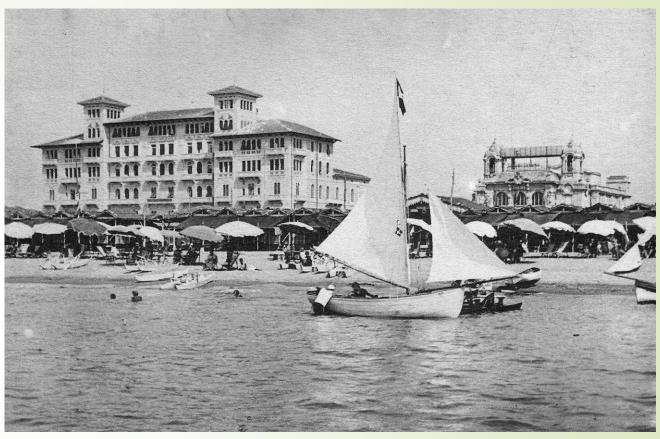


Lucca's outpost ... City and sea Viareggio is the largest municipality in Versilia with an ancient centre dating back to the 12th cent. Its name derives from the Via Regia, which joined the old centre with the coast. Here the tourism industry is born with the development of the most bathing establishments, restaurants and cafès in 1902.

Liberty City

La VERSILIA - Viareggio





Sea establishments and buildings were built in Liberty style following the trend of the epoch using an easy –to-model material such as wood. Unfortunately a great part of the original architecture decorating the entrances of shops and bathing establishments was lost in a big fire that broke out in 1917.

Construction work began began immediately availing itself with the collaboration of architects such as Galileo Chini, Alfredo Belluomini and Ugo Giusti. In a few years' time the town was provided with the typical characteristics of the Twenties and Thirties with a style that ranged from Liberty to Art deco.

Liberty City



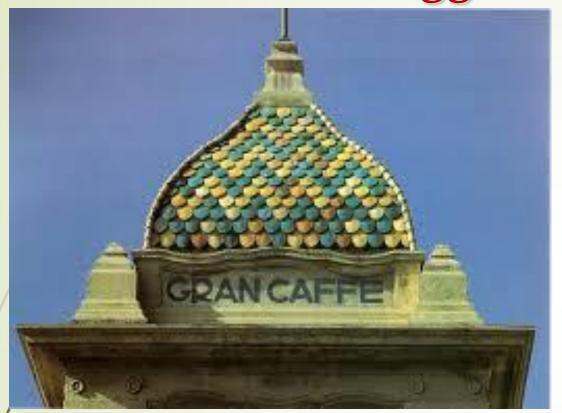
Liberty City



Initially less is recognizable still loday in the façades and architectures of many buildings.



Liberty City







Along the Viale Regina Margherita we can admire many hotels and palace with beautiful details, oriental – style cupolas such as the Cafè Margherita.

Torre del Lago Puccini



The Viareggio municipality also Villa di Giacomo Puccini Lago Puccini, home of the Maestro Giacomo Puccini, where he lived and composed many of his operas.

The Grand Open air Theatre.





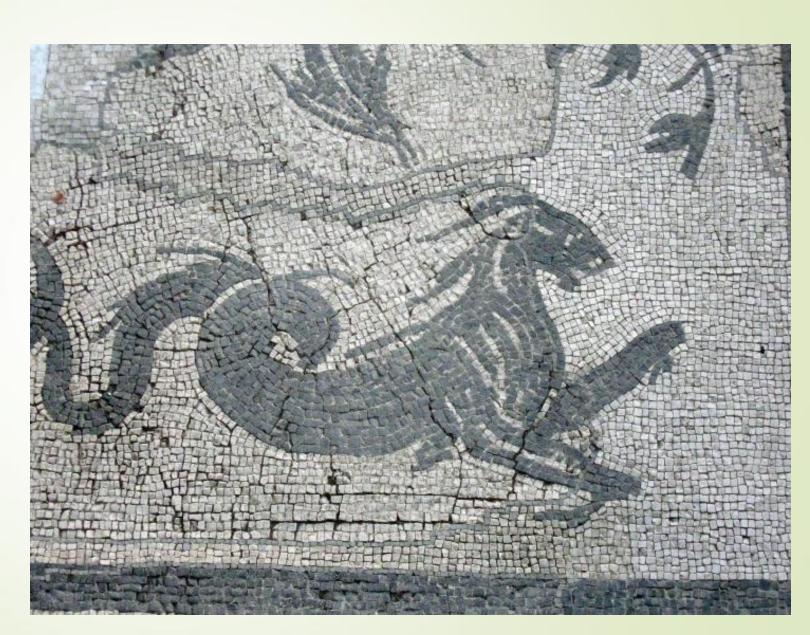
The colour of the Lake at sunset.



Many painters at the end of the 19th cent. Lived in Torre del Lago, inspired by the colour of the Lake. They created the Club La Bohème together with the Composer

La VERSILIA - Massarosa

At Massaciuccoli (Massarosa) there are the ruins of a Roman villa with a small museum, Antiquarium, containing findings dating from the 2nd cent. AD. A short distance from the centre arethe ruins of the Roman Baths.



La VERSILIA - Massarosa

Massaciuccoli – Villa dei Velunei

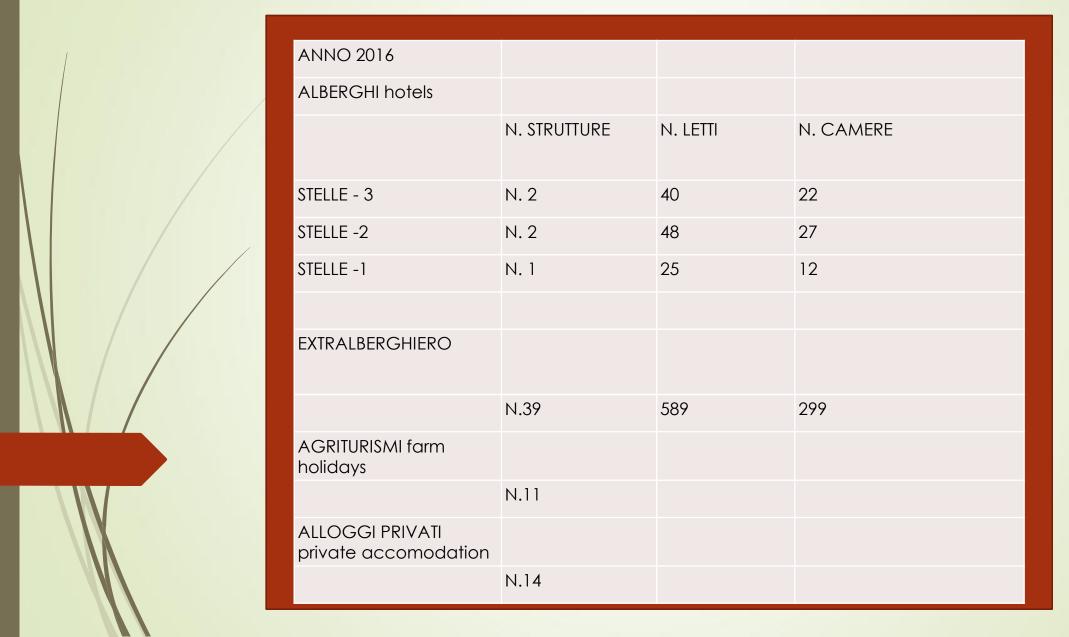




Ruins of the Roman bathing ex-Spa at Massaciuccoli

The human presence in Versilia dates back to the Neolithic Age and many traces still remain in a number of areas on the Apuan Alps

La VERSILIA - Dati statistici



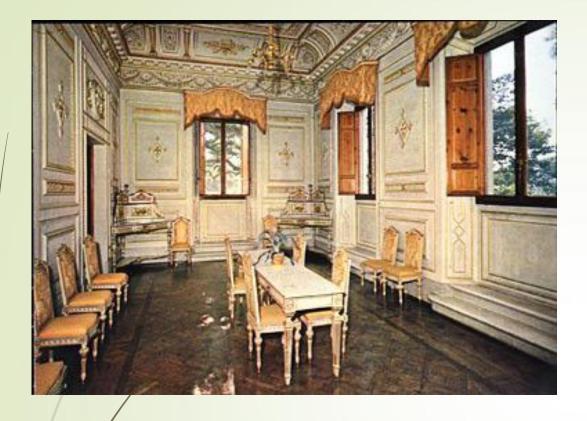
La VERSILIA - Dati statistici

ALBERGHIERO		
ITALIANI+STRANIERI	ARRIVI PRESENZE	
	5071	13895
X ALBERGHIERO		
ITALIANI+STRANIERI	3994	17962

STATISTICA ANNO 2016 MASSAROSA

ALBERGHIERO ed EXSTRAALBERGHIER O			
ITALIANI	ARRIVI	PRESENZE	TOTALI GENERALI
	345073	1436751	612014
STRANIERI	266941	1294202	2730953

VERSILIA ANNO 2016





Villa Le Pianore Capezzano Pianore







Villa Borbone Viareggio







Villa Gobbi Benelli Bargecchia - Massarosa







Villa Lorien Bargecchia – Massarosa





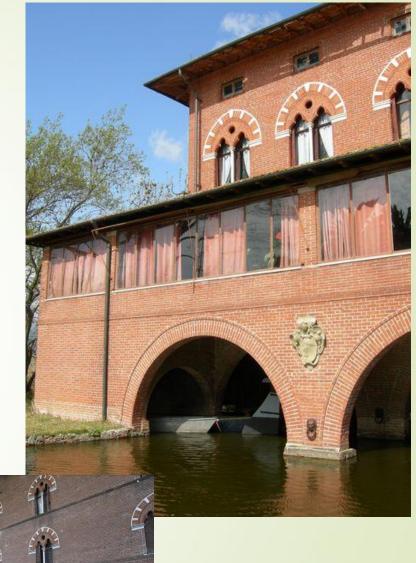


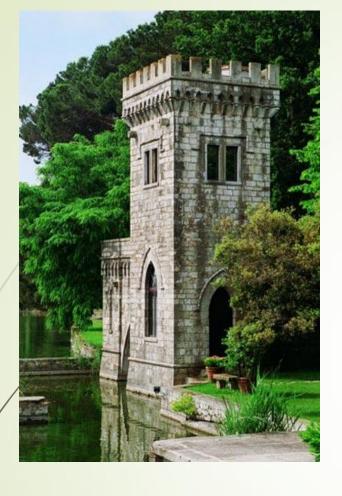
Villa Cenami Bargecchia - Massarosa



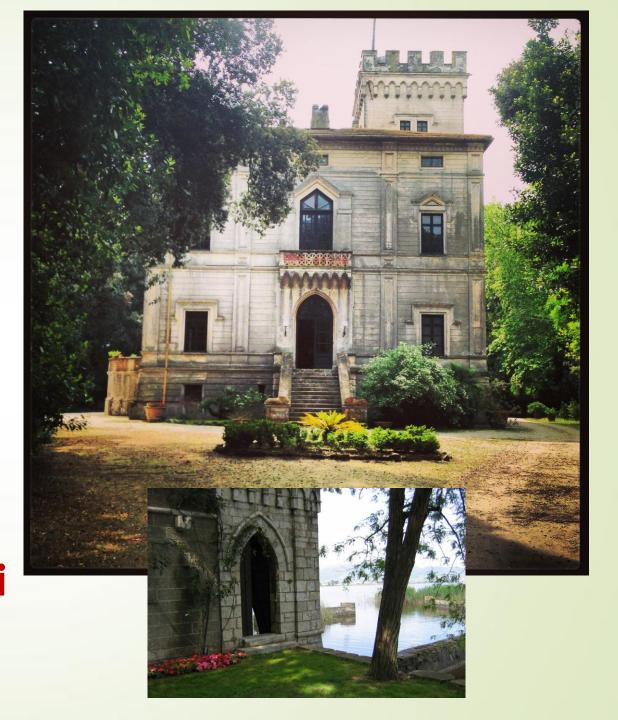


Villa Ginori, La Piaggetta Massaciuccoli - Massarosa



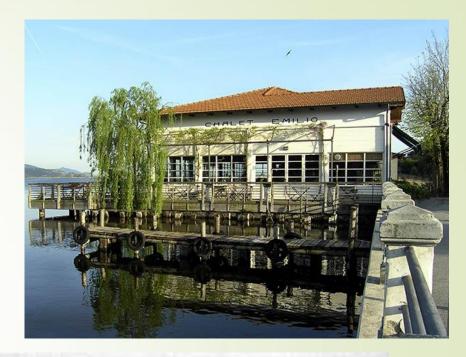


Villa Orlando Torre del Lago Puccini















Grand Hotel Royal Viareggio

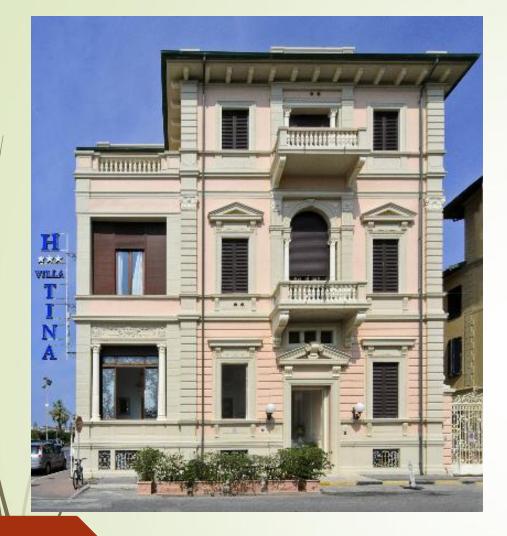












Villa Tina Viareggio













Grazie a tutti per l'attenzione/Thsanks to everyboy for the attention

Maria Assunta Casaroli presidente